PDyne^T

Repeat dosing with DYNE-101 is well tolerated and leads to a sustained reduction of *DMPK* RNA expression in key muscles for DM1 pathology in hTfR1/DMSXL mice and NHPs

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Joachim, living with DM1

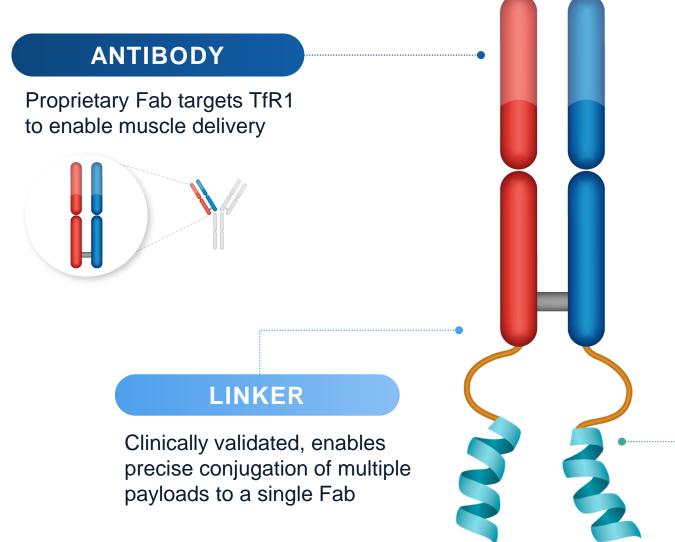
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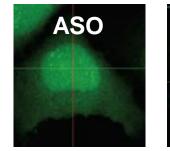
Y Dyne

Dyne FORCE[™] platform: Modern oligo therapeutics for muscle diseases



PAYLOAD

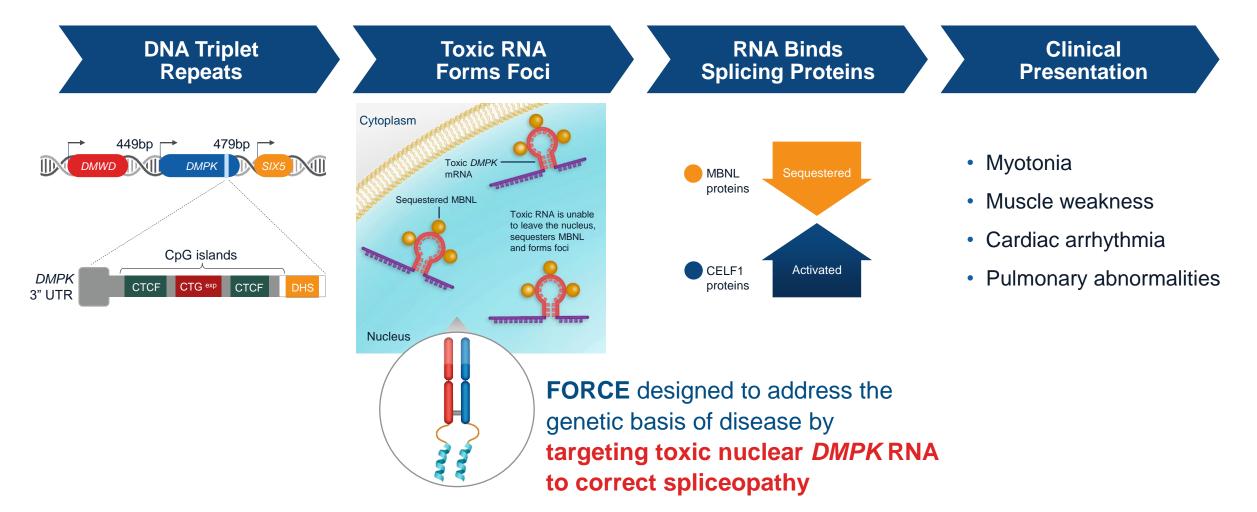
Modularity enables rational selection of payload to target the genetic basis of disease





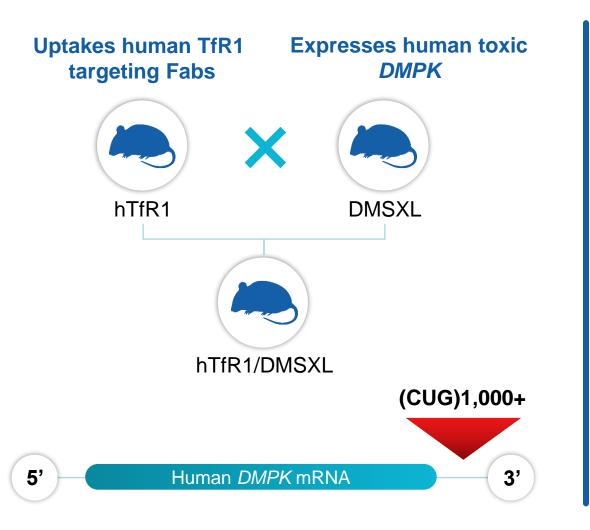
Nuclear localization Cytoplasmic localization

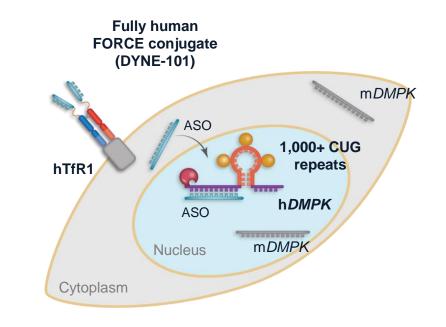
FORCE targets the genetic basis of DM1 to correct splicing



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hTfR1/DMSXL: Innovative model developed by Dyne to evaluate PD by measuring toxic human nuclear *DMPK* KD

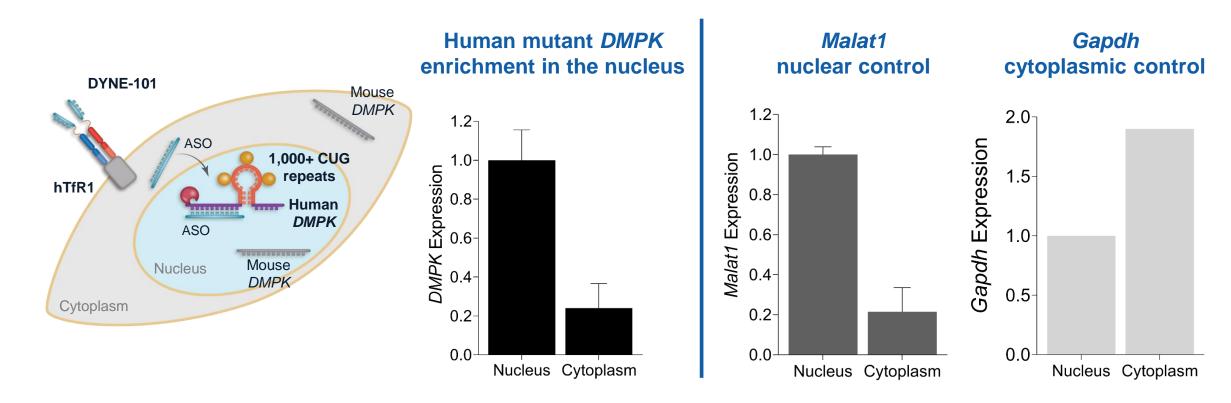




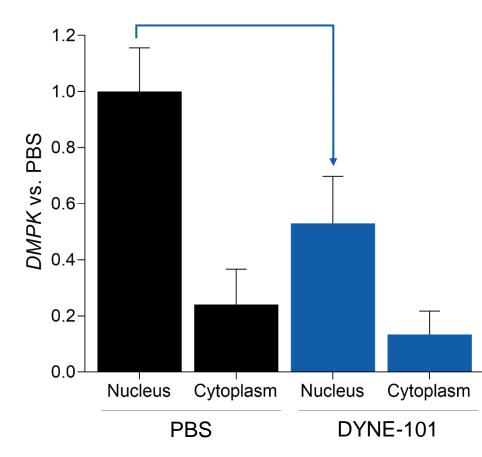
- Expresses human TfR1 receptor, enabling use of a human TfR1-targeting Fab
- Underestimates potency, expressing >10 times less human toxic DMPK vs. mouse DMPK



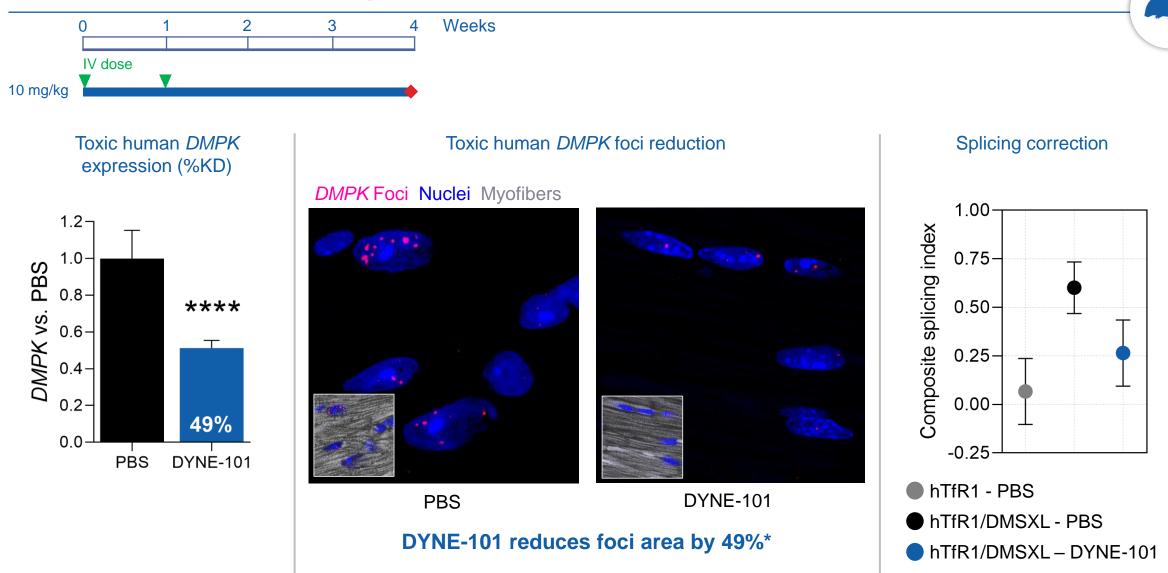
Toxic human DMPK is trapped in nuclei in hTfR1/DMSXL mice



DYNE-101 achieved robust toxic human *DMPK* KD in nuclei of hTfR1/DMSXL mice

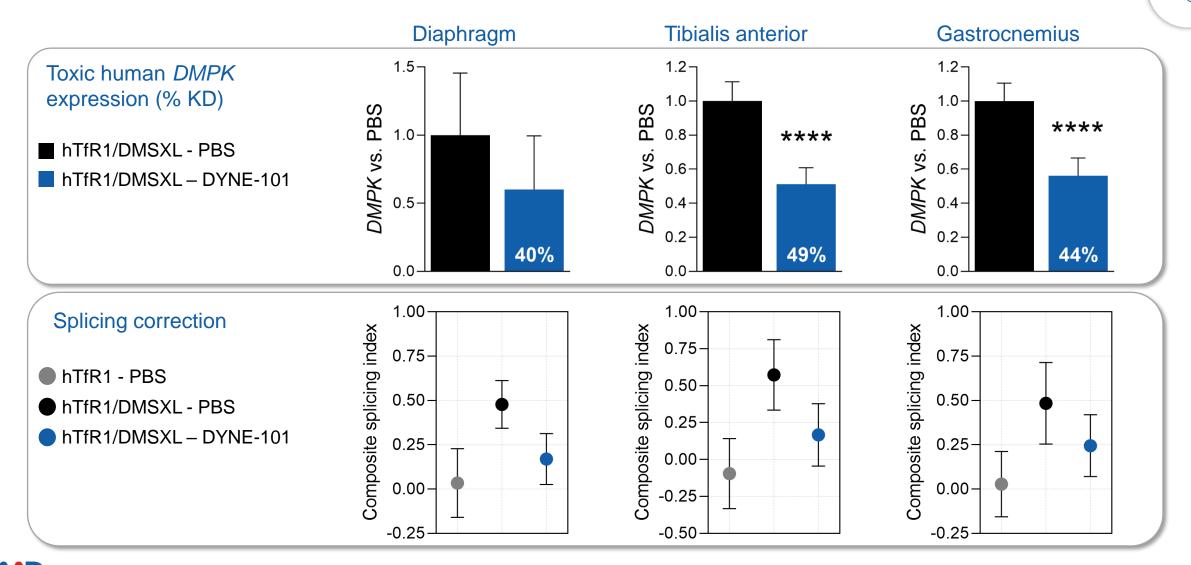


DYNE-101 demonstrated significant toxic human *DMPK* KD, foci reduction, and splicing correction in heart of hTfR1/DMSXL mice



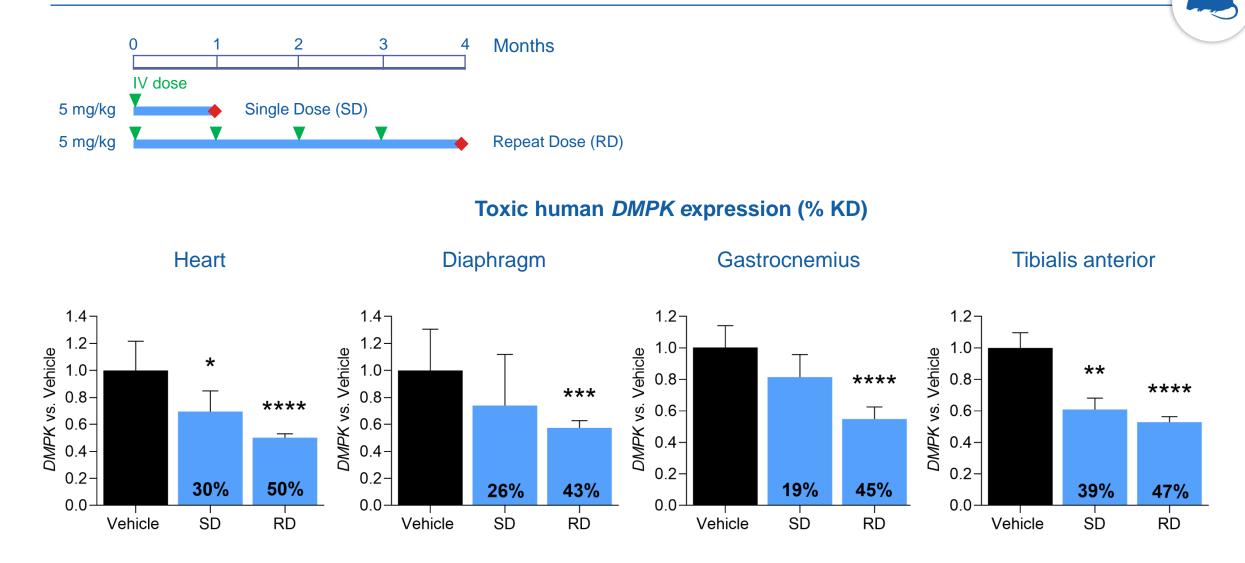
Note: hTfR1/DMSXL homozygous mice. 10 mg/kg IV doses on d0 and d7, analyzed d28 Composite splicing index includes changes in Ldb3 exon (E) 11, Mbnl2 E6, and Nfix E7. Data are means ± SD, n = 6 – 7 per arm; * p <0.05, **** p < 0.0001 significant by t-test

DYNE-101 demonstrated toxic human *DMPK* KD and splicing correction in skeletal muscle of hTfR1/DMSXL mice



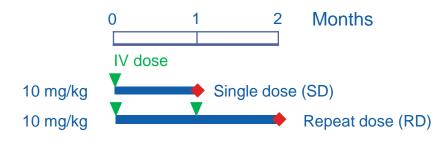
Note: hTfR1/DMSXL homozygous mice. 10 mg/kg IV doses on d0 and d7, analyzed d28 Composite splicing indices include *Bin1* E11, *Insr* E11, *Ldb3* E11, *Mbnl2* E6, *Nfix* E7, and *Ttn* E313 mis-splicing measured by qRT-PCR. Data are means ± SD; n = 4 – 7; **** *p* < 0.0001 by *t*-test

Low monthly dosing of DYNE-101 in hTfR1/DMSXL mice enhanced toxic human *DMPK* KD in cardiac and skeletal muscle

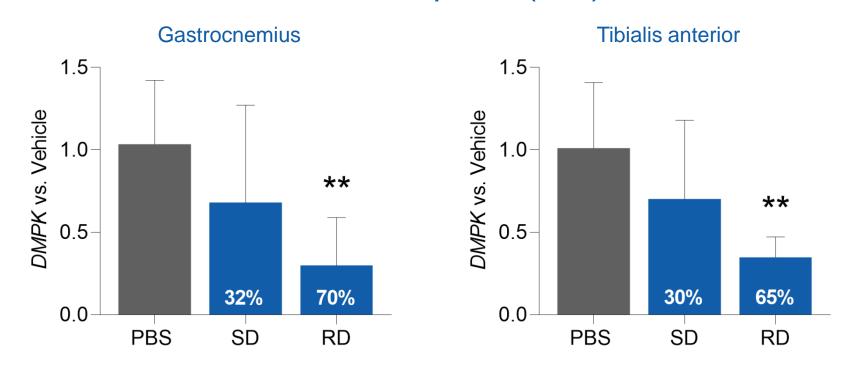




DYNE-101 repeat monthly dosing in NHPs enhanced *DMPK* KD in skeletal muscle



WT DMPK expression (% KD)



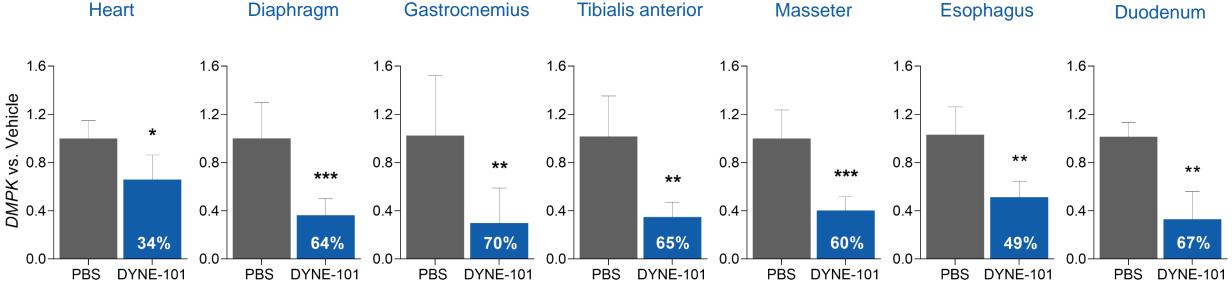


Note: Male cynomolgus monkeys. Data are means \pm SD; n = 3 - 4 per arm; **p< 0.01 significant by One-way ANOVA

WT DMPK expression (% KD)

Repeat monthly dosing of DYNE-101 in NHPs achieved significant

WT DMPK KD demonstrating translatability to higher species



Months 2 0 IV dose

/ne

10 mg/kg



DYNE-101 was well-tolerated in an NHP 13-week GLP toxicology study¹

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- No dose limiting toxicity observed up to a maximally feasible dose²
- No changes in cardiac, respiratory, neurologic, or ophthalmic endpoints
- No effect on kidney function
- No effect on liver function
- No effect on coagulation
- NOAEL was identified at the highest dose tested

Conclusions

- DYNE-101 demonstrated ability to target toxic human *DMPK* RNA in the nucleus, reduce *DMPK* foci, and correct splicing in the hTfR1/DMSXL mouse model of DM1
- DYNE-101 monthly dosing in hTfR1/DMSXL mice and NHPs achieved significant DMPK RNA KD in different muscle types affected by DM1 pathology
- DYNE-101 was well-tolerated in a 13-week GLP toxicology study in NHPs

Data support advancement of DYNE-101 into the clinic for the treatment of DM1



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